Question 1

What is the range of $f(x) = 2^x$, where $x \in \mathbb{R}$?

Question 2

If f(x) = x - 4 and $g(x) = x^2$, what is gf(2)?

Question 3

The graph of y = f(x) is drawn below.



Use the graph to find the value of f(2).

Question 4

Suggest an appropriate domain for $f(x) = \frac{1}{3x-1}$.

(An 'appropriate' domain would be one which is large as possible)

Question 5

What is the range of $f(x) = \sqrt{x-3}$, where $x \ge 3$?

Question 6

If $f(x) = 3^x$ and g(x) = x + 1, determine fg(x).

Question 7

Suggest an appropriate domain for $f(x) = \sqrt{2x - 1}$.

(An 'appropriate' domain would be one which is large as possible)





Figure 1 shows a sketch of part of the graph of y = g(x), where

 $g(x) = 3 + \sqrt{x+2}, \ x \ge -2$

Find $g^{-1}(x)$.

Question 9

The functions f and g are defined by

 $f: x \rightarrow ln (2x-1), x \in \mathbb{R}, x > \frac{1}{2}$

 $g: x \to \frac{2}{x-3}, x \in \mathbb{R}, x \neq 3$

Find the exact value of fg(4).

Question 10

If $f(x) = 2^{x+1}$, what is $f^{-1}(x)$?

Question 11

 $f(x) = x^2 + 3x - 5$ and g(x) = 4x + k, where k is a constant.

a) Given that f(3) = g(3) , find the value of k .

b) Find the values of x for which f(x) = g(x), giving your solutions in ascending order.

Question 12

If $f(x) = \frac{x-3}{2x+1}$, determine $f^{-1}(x)$.

Question 13

If $f(x) = 2x^2 - 1$, find ff(x), expanding and simplifying your answer.

Question 14



The diagram shows the curve y = f(x), where f is the function defined for all real values of x by

$$f(x) = 3 + 4e^{-x}$$

Find an expression for $f^{-1}(x)$.